## Primary Schools Mini Bridge

## Emphasise fun and etiquette at all times!

Lesson 1	Introduction	Resources Card holders	Comments Card holders can be made from Pringle lids in craft lesson befor the course starts and be available for any pupils who	<b>Lanquaqe</b> Deal	
	Introduce a pack of cards, 52 in each pack	packs of cards	struggle to hold cards. Packs must look different on back otherwise easy to get packs mixed		
	Name the suits - Spades, Hearts, Diamonds, Clubs				
	Sort the cards into the 4 suits		Allow each table to sort pack into suits , lay out all the aces-boss cards, underneath lay out kings, then gueens and jacks		
	Count 13 cards in each suit Recognise the Ace, King, Queen and Jack	Laminated Ace, King, Queen, Jack	carus, underneath fay out kings, then queens and jacks		
	Play whist or knock-out whist with 7 cards in no-trumps, sort each hand into suits and teach following suit.		It may be necessary to play first hand with hands on the table		
	Discuss discarding when you cannot follow suit		Placing cards in front of players and pointing according to won/lost did work from start	hands Discard	
	If whist play 3 rounds, increasing by 1 card each round		If coping well with cards increase number of cards each round. trump		
			Each pupil should keep record of score on each round and		
	Introduce trumps, can only trump if short in the led suit		check total is same as number of cards dealt Card showing which suit is trump in centre – novice players	Trumping	
			forget.		
	Winner of each round decides trump for next round 3 rounds of trump whist again increasing no of cards by one each round.		Rotate choosing trump.		
Less	Playing whist with 13 cards Play 2 hands of trump whist with 10 cards (May be omuited)	<u>Resources</u>	<u>Comments</u> Extract from EBU	<u>Language</u> Declarer	
<u>on 2</u>	Play 2 hands of trump whist with 10 cards (May be omuited)	packs of cards wallets, card holders	If you are not used to playing a card game with a hand of 13 cards (or even if you are!) here are some tips to help you sort your hand quickly and efficiently. You may like to practice at home!	Trumps	
			1. Pick up the dealt hand and group all the cards together, with the backs of the cards facing out.		
	Introduce patrnerships N/S, E/W	Laminated N, S, E, W cards	2. With one hand, hold the cards tightly at the bottom. Use the thumb and first finger of the other hand to spread out the top corners of the cards so that you can see the number or picture letter (A,K,Q,J) to form a 3. Count up the high card points before you sort the cards so you can begin to think whether or not to bid while you sort the cards in order.		
	13 cards each - introduce counting points	laminated cards with points	4. Now, take the lowest diamond (•) from the hand and place it behind all the other cards so that you can no longer see it.		
	40 points between the 4 hands		5. Take the next lowest $\blacklozenge$ and place it behind all the cards so that you can no longer see it.		

Starting with North declare number of points ineach hand. Which partnership has most? This partnership plays the hand the player with most in the partnership is DECLARER and choose trumps		6.	Repeat step 5 until you have done all the ◆'s.	
Do not trump if partner has already done so omit	Hands 1-4 NTs( SBU 2009 hands 1-4	<b>)</b> 7.	Repeat steps 4 to 6 with clubs ( $\blacklozenge$ ), then hearts ( $\blacktriangledown$ ), then spades ( $\blacklozenge$ ).	
Discuss discarding an unimportant card	small score sheet showing points and tricks taken	8. Spr	You will now be looking at the lowest $\blacklozenge$ , the first card you moved. Discard read out the cards as in step 2 and your hand will be sorted.	
Play hands 1-4 NTs Introduce playing in partnership				
Count the tricks made and complete the playing sheet for each of the 4				
hands counting the tricks made by partnership Compare tricks made with target sheet				
Playing point Recap the hand on the	Playing sheet Deal 3	Lee	ad towards an honour	
laminated sheet looking at the play. lead towards KS				

<u>Lesson 3</u>	Point cointing - Contract Recap NSEW, Declarer , dummy, defence, point counting Explain dummy - dummy has to stay quiet- remain dumb Pair with greatest number of points play the hand. Player in the partnership with most points is declarer . His partner is dummy. Dummy puts his hand on the table in columns in suits(L2? Hands 3 and 4) Explain the concept of contract Declarer decides what the contract is ie number of tricks and trumps or NT Recap trumps	Resources Packs of cards/wallets, card holders Sheet with target number of tricks	Comments Remember to lead towards honour cards Use the target number of tricks sheet to help declarer decide on	Language Declarer Dummy Defender Contract
	Playprepared hands Count the tricks made and complete the playing sheet for each of the 4 hands Compare the tricks chart to the target sheet, does it match? Recap one of the hands on the laminated sheet immediately after playing it talking about play. Playing point look for work suits. Establish work suit. Draw trumps and trumping in dummy If time play hands again in NT or deal more hands or s or swap hands round and N/S plays E/W hands If more time deal cards and play more hands	Lesson 2 hands 1-4 hands(SBU 2009 hands7-10) 4 Laminated hand Playing sheet Laminated Target sheet	contract Remind pupils of rules on trumping.	
	If time,			
<u>Lesson 4</u>	Language -Declarer, Dummy, Planning Revise trumping and when to trump. Discuss winning tricks by trumping inshort suits ie advantages of short suits Start by playing hands 5, 6 11 and 12 in any order (Two are trump hands and 2 are NT hands) emphasising play techniques Emphasise language - declare and dummy, defenders/opponents How many tricks can they make ? Where can tricks be made, extra tricks, work suits Count suits as they are played. Know when your cards are winners	Resources s packs cards, wallets, card holders L4 handsL 1-4 (SBU 2009 5, 6 , 11, 12)	<u>Comments</u> Emphasise counting tricks and planning	Language Dummy Declarer Opening Lead
Lesson 4	Language -Declarer, Dummy, Planning Revise trumping and when to trump. Discuss winning tricks by trumping inshort suits ie advantages of short suits Start by playing hands 5, 6 11 and 12 in any order (Two are trump hands and 2 are NT hands) emphasising play techniques Emphasise language - declare and dummy, defenders/opponents How many tricks can they make ? Where can tricks be made, extra tricks, work suits	s packs cards, wallets, card holders L4 handsL 1-4 (SBU 2009 5, 6 , 11,		Dummy Declarer Opening

You can get a plus score from making a contract OR from defeating a contract Playing points Count trunps. Do not take out more rounds than you need to. Use your trumps to ruff short suits

٢	Plaving session - recap	Resources
SSS	Playing session - recap Game scores, (non-vulnerable only)	Scoring chart for games
٩	Game scores, (non-vulnerable only)	How to score sheets
	Emphasise bonus for games	Tips sheet
	Recap playing strategies-establish work suit trump in dummy ,draw trumps lead towards honours, honours from short hand first.	Packs of cards/wallets
	Emphasise the importance of chosing best contract	Scoring chart for tricks
	Look for work suits	Score cards
		Deal 3
		Hands
٣	Defensive play	Resources

- Defensive play
  Lead top of sequence.
  2nd hand plays low, 3rd hand high
  Watch partners cards. Return hsi/her suit Do not overtake partner's tricks

hart for tricks rds es Examples sheet example sheet hands

Laminated hands

## Comments

Comments

Emphasise supporting partner and returning partner's suit.

Language Defence Defending Support partner

partnership cooperation

undertrick

Defeat

Fun session		<u>Comments</u>	<u>Language</u>
œ	hands	Emphasise fun and etiquette at all times!	

Team matches if more than one table